

Applying innovative cloud computing technology for the effective management of Groundwater resources to promote SUStainable food security within the Sokoto Basin, Nigeria

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Scientific Background and Objectives



The low adaptive capacity of climate change in developing countries has aggravated occurrences of intense weather events and enhanced vulnerabilities of food securities.





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Study Area



Age	Formation	Class	Group	Description
Quaternary	Sandy Drifts and Laterites		Continental	
Post Paleocene	Gwandu Fm	Aquifer	Continental	Laterites, Sst; Grits;
Paleocene	Oolitic Ironstone			
	Gamba Fm	Aquiclude	Sokoto	Clay; Clayite Fm
	Kalambaina Fm	Aquifer		Marine Lst;
	Dange Fm	Aquiclude		Marine Lst
	Wurno Fm	Aquifer		Sand; Sst
Maastrichtian	Dukamaje Fm	Aquiclude	Rima	Clay; Shale
	Taloka Fm	Aquifer		Clayite; Sst
Cretaceous / Late Jurassic	Gundumi Fm	Aquifer	Basal	Sst
	llo Fm	Aquifer	Dasat	
PreCambrian Complex		Aquiclude		Metamorphic Rks



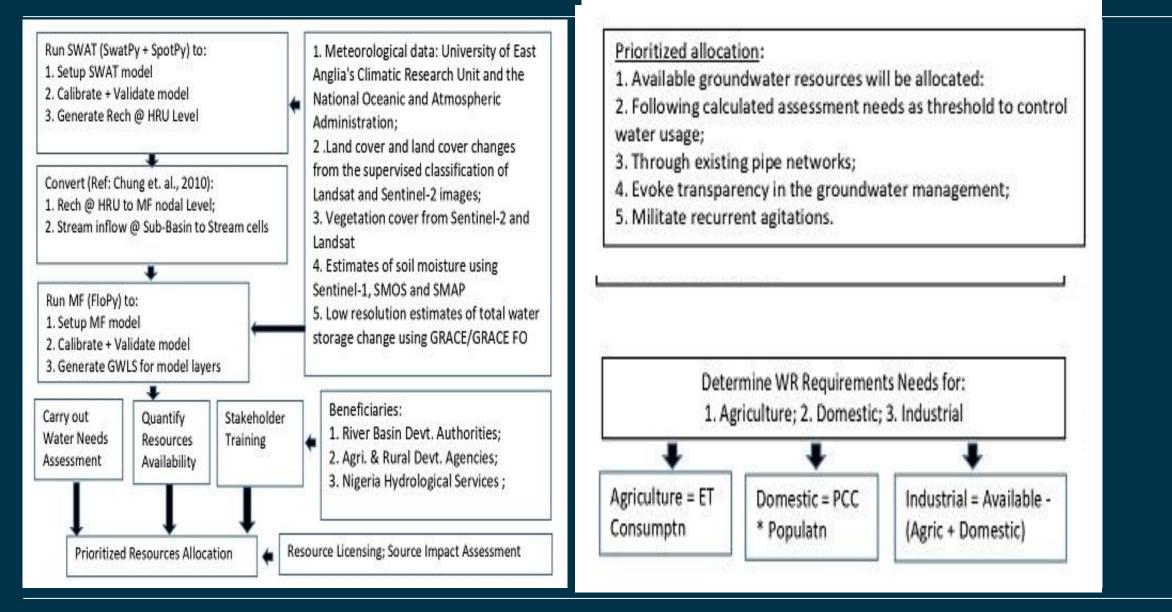
Effects & Impacts:

- ✓ Decreasing available potable water;
- ✓ Vulnerability of agricultural production;
- ✓ Expanding desertification;
- ✓ Intensified conflicts between the pastoralists and the farmers;

Vertical Stratification as Presented:

Research Outline





Project Team



S/N	Name	Affiliation	Role	Email Address	Photograph
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